Consolidated Financial Statements of

### JAMES BAY LOWLANDS SECONDARY SCHOOL BOARD

And Independent Auditor's Report thereon Year ended August 31, 2022

### MANAGEMENT REPORT

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the James Bay Lowlands Secondary School Board (the "Board") are the responsibility of the Board's management. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Public Sector Accounting Standards as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on Board management's judgement, particularly when transactions affecting the current accounting period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

The Board's management maintains a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements, and reliable financial information is available on a timely basis for preparation of the consolidated financial statements. These systems are monitored and evaluated by management.

The Board's Trustees meet with management and the external auditors to review the consolidated financial statements and discuss any significant financial reporting or internal control matters prior to their approval of the financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by KPMG LLP, independent external auditors appointed by the Board. The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their qualified opinion on the Board's consolidated financial statements.

Finance/HR Administrator and Treasurer

April 20, 2023



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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees of the James Bay Lowlands Secondary School Board

### **Qualified Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of James Bay Lowlands Secondary School Board (the "Board"), which comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at August 31, 2022
- the consolidated statement of operations and accumulated surplus for the year then ended
- the consolidated statement of changes in net financial assets for the year then ended
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, except for the adjustments, if any, which we might have determined to be necessary had we been able to satisfy ourselves concerning the completeness of school generated funds revenue referred to in the following paragraph, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Board as at August 31, 2022, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting described in note 1 (a) to the financial statements.

### Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many school boards, individual schools derive revenue from school fundraising activities held throughout the year. Adequate documentation and controls were not in place throughout the year to allow us to obtain satisfactory audit verification as to the completeness of these revenues. Accordingly, our verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the individual school.



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Therefore, we were not able to determine whether adjustments might be necessary to:

- the financial assets reported in the consolidated statement of financial position as at August 31, 2022 and August 31, 2021 the school generated funds revenues and annual surplus reported in the consolidated statement of operations and accumulated surplus for the years ended August 31, 2022 and August 31, 2021
- the accumulated surplus, at the beginning and end of the year, reported in the consolidated statement of financial position and statements of operations and accumulated surplus for the years ended August 31, 2022 and August 31, 2021
- the annual surplus reported in the consolidated statement of cash flows for the years ended August 31, 2022 and August 31, 2021

Our opinion on the financial statements for the year ended August 31, 2022 was qualified accordingly because of the possible effects of this limitation in scope.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the Board in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

## Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the basis of accounting described in the notes to the financial statements, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Board's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Board or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the School Board's financial reporting process.



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## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our qualified opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

#### We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
  - The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



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- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Board's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Board to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other
  matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings,
  including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our
  audit.
- Obtain sufficient audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities
  or business activities within the Board to express an opinion on the financial
  statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance
  of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Sudbury, Canada

KPMG LLP

April 20, 2023

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

August 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

-	 2022	2021
Financial assets		
Cash	\$ 5,319,025	\$ 4,487,699
Guaranteed investment certificates (note 2)	68,053	-
Accounts receivable (note 3)	 754,60 <u>0</u>	365,680
Total financial assets	6,141,678	4,853,379
Financial liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 4)	1,098,774	860,261
Deferred revenue (note 5)	89,655	102,304
Employee future benefits (note 6)	 63,265	 103,719
Total financial liabilities	1,251,694	1,066,284
Net financial assets	 4,889,984	3,787,095
Non-financial assets		
Prepaid expenses	64,289	67,663
Tangible capital assets (note 7)	4,258,042	4,439,553
Total non-financial assets	4,322,331	4,507,216
Contractual obligations (note 12)		
Accumulated surplus (note 8)	\$ 9,212,315	\$ 8,294,311

Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

Year ended August 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

	2022	2022		2021
	 Budget	Actual		Actual
Revenue:				
Government of Ontario grants:				
- Grants for Student Needs	\$ 6,886,211	\$ 6,859,726	\$	6,650,978
- Other	362,619	771,271		672,004
- Funding adjustment	-	-		(9,587)
Municipal	-	2,723		2,262
Other fees and revenue	357,804	619,189		386,737
School generated funds	70,833	68,756		42,838
Total revenue	7,677,467	8,321,665		7,745,232
Expenses (note 9):				
Instruction	4,182,921	3,980,158		3,869,291
Administration	477,123	795,983		571,238
Transportation	920,678	1,038,231		679,474
School operations and maintenance	1,312,246	1,209,646		1,232,949
Teacherages	277,234	307,412		185,502
School generated funds	66,666	72,231		49,664_
Total expenses	7,236,868	7,403,661		6,588,118
Annual surplus	 440,599	918,004	_	1,157,114
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	8,294,311	8,294,311		7,137,197
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$ 8,734,910	\$ 9,212,315	\$	8,294,311

Consolidated Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets

Year ended August 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

		2022	2022	2021
		Budget	Actual	 Actual
Annual surplus	\$	440,599	\$ 918,004	\$ 1,157,114
Tangible capital assets:				
Acquisition of tangible capital assets		-	(175,981)	(143,016)
Amortization of tangible capital assets		-	357,492	385,948
Total change due to tangible capital assets		-	181,511	242,932
Prepaid expenses:				
Acquisition of prepaid expenses		-	(64,290)	(67,664)
Use of prepaid expenses		-	67,664	 55,198
Total change due to prepaid expenses		•	3,374	(12,466)
Increase in net financial assets	<u>.                                    </u>	440,599	1,102,889	 1,387,580
Net financial assets, beginning of year		3,787,095	3,787,095	2,399,515
Net financial assets, end of year	\$	4,227,694	\$ 4,889,984	\$ 3,787,095

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended August 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

		2022	2021
Cash flows provided by (used in):			
Operating activities:			
Annual surplus	\$	918,004	\$ 1,157,114
Item not involving cash:			
Amortization of tangible capital assets		357,492	385,948
		1,275,496	1,543,062
Change in non-cash assets and liabilities:		,,2,0,,00	1,0 /0,000
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable		(388,920)	245,256
Increase in accounts payable and		(,,	,
accrued liabilities		238,513	23,363
Decrease in deferred revenue		(12,649)	(199,289)
Decrease in employee future benefits		(40,454)	(39,614)
Increase (decrease) in prepaid expenses		3,374	(12,466)
Net change in cash from operating activities		1,075,360	1,560,312
Capital activities:			
Cash used to acquire tangible capital assets		(175,981)	(143,016)
Net change in cash from capital activities		(175,981)	(143,016)
Investing activities			
Purchase of investments		(68,053)	-
Net change in cash from investing activities		(68,053)	-
Net change in cash	<u> </u>	831,326	 1,417,296
Cash, beginning of year		4,487,699	3,070,403
Cash, end of year	\$	5,319,025	\$ 4,487,699

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended August 31, 2022

The James Bay Lowlands Secondary School Board is a public school board providing school services in Moosonee Ontario and operates one secondary school.

### 1. Significant accounting policies:

The consolidated financial statements (the "financial statements") of the James Bay Secondary School Board (the "Board") are prepared by management in accordance with Public Sector Accounting Standards as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

### (a) Basis of accounting:

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Administration Act (the "Act") supplemented by Ontario Ministry of Education memorandum 2004:B2.

The Act requires that the consolidated financial statements be prepared in accordance with the accounting principles determined by the relevant ministry of the Government of Ontario. A directive was provided by the Ontario Ministry of Education within memorandum 2004:B2 requiring school boards to adopt Canadian public sector accounting standards commencing with their year ended August 31, 2004 and that changes may be required to the application of these standards as a result of regulation.

In 2011, the government passed Ontario Regulation 395/11 of the Act, requiring contributions received or receivable for the acquisition or development of depreciable tangible capital assets be recorded as deferred capital contributions. Subsequent to Ontario Regulation 395/11, the Board has received instructions from the Ontario Ministry of Education to not recognize deferred capital contributions.

As a result, the Board has adopted Public Sector Accounting Standards as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

### (b) Reporting entity:

The financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the reporting entity. The reporting entity is comprised of all organizations accountable for the administration of their financial affairs and resources to the Board and are owned and controlled by the Board, including:

i) School generated funds which include the assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses and fund balances of various organizations that exist at the school level and which are deemed to be controlled by the Board, have been reflected in the financial statements.

### (c) Accounts receivable and payable:

Accounts receivable and payable are accounted for on the accrual basis, which recognizes transactions as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipts of goods or services and the creation of a legal liability to pay.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended August 31, 2022

### 1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

### (d) Deferred revenue:

The Board receives amounts pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs or in the delivery of specific services and transactions. Deferred revenue consists of amounts received by the Board that are restricted for specific purposes by the funder and amounts that are required to be set aside by the Board for specific purposes, legislation, regulation or agreement.

These amounts are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year the related expenditures are incurred or services performed.

### (e) Retirement and other employee future benefits:

The Board provides defined retirement and other future benefits to specified employee groups. These benefits include retirement gratuity, worker's compensation, long-term disability benefits and a contribution to pension. The Board accrues its obligation for these employee benefits.

As part of the ratified labour collective agreements for unionized employees that bargain centrally and ratified central discussions with the principals and vice-principals associations, Employee Life and Health Trusts ("ELHTs") were established between 2016 and 2018 for all employee groups. Additionally, retirees belonging to the Principal/Vice Principal and Non-union employee groups have transitioned to the ELHT in 2017-18. These benefits are being provided through a joint governance structure between the bargaining/employee groups, school board trustees associations and the Government of Ontario. School boards are required to remit a negotiated amount per full-time equivalency ("FTE") on a monthly basis. Funding for the ELHTs is based on the existing benefits funding embedded within the Grants for Student Needs ("GSN") and additional ministry funding in the form of a Crown contribution and Stabilization Adjustment. After retirees transition, the Board continues to be responsible for its share of cost of benefits based on the cost sharing arrangement prior to the transition to the ELHT.

The Board has adopted the following accounting policies with respect to accounting for these employee benefits:

(i) The costs of self-insured retirement and other employee future benefit plans are actuarially determined using management's best estimate of salary escalation, accumulated sick days at retirement, insurance and health care costs trends, disability recovery rates, long-term inflation rates and discount rates. The cost of retirement gratuities are actuarially determined using the employee's salary, banked sick days and years of service as at August 31, 2012 and management's best estimate of discount rates. Any actuarial gains and losses arising from changes to the discount rate are amortized over the expected average remaining services life of the employee group.

For self-insured retirement and other employee future benefits that vest or accumulate over the periods of service provided by employees, such as health care benefits for retirees, the cost is actuarially determined using the projected benefits method prorated on service. Under this method, the benefit costs are recognized over the expected average service life of the employee group.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended August 31, 2022

### 1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

- (e) Retirement and other employee future benefits (continued):
  - (i) For those self-insured benefit obligations that arise from specific events that occur from time to time, such as obligations for worker's compensation and life insurance and health care benefits for those on disability leave, the cost is recognized immediately in the period the events occur. Any actuarial gains and losses that are related to these benefits are recognized immediately in the period they arise.
  - (ii) The costs of multi-employer defined pension plan benefits, such as the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System ("OMERS") pensions, are the employer's contributions due to the plan in the period;
  - (iii) The costs of insured benefits are the employer's portion of insurance premiums owed for coverage of employees during the period.

### (f) Non-financial assets:

Non-financial assets are not available to settle existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations.

### (i) Tangible capital assets:

Tangible capital assets are recorded at historical cost less accumulated amortization. Historical costs include amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The Board capitalizes interest paid on debt used to finance the construction of tangible capital assets.

Tangible capital assets, except land, are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Asset	Useful Life - Years
School buildings	40 years
Other buildings	20 years
Leasehold improvements	10 years
Furniture and equipment	5 – 10 years
Computers, hardware and software	3 years
Vehicles	5 years

Amortization is taken at 50% of the above rates in the year of acquisition.

Construction in progress assets are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended August 31, 2022

### 1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

- (f) Non-financial assets (continued):
  - (ii) Prepaid expenses represent amounts paid in advance for a good or service not yet received. The expense is recognized once the goods have been received or the services have been performed.

### (g) Government transfers:

Government transfers, which include legislative grants, are recognized in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met and reasonable estimates of the amount can be made. If government transfers contain stipulations which give rise to a liability, they are deferred and recognized in revenue when the stipulations are met.

### (h) Municipal taxation:

Under Public Sector Accounting Standards, the entity that determines and sets the tax levy records the revenue in the financial statements, which in the case of the Board, is the Province of Ontario. As a result, property tax revenue received from the municipality is recorded as municipal taxation revenue when it is eligible for receipt.

### (i) Budget figures:

Budget figures have been provided for comparison purposes and have been derived from the budget approved by the Board.

The budget approved by the Board is developed in accordance with the provincially mandated funding model for school boards and is used to manage program spending within the guidelines of the funding model.

The Board approves its budget annually. The approved operating budget for 2021-2022 is reflected on the statement of operations. The budget was approved on December 15, 2022.

### (i) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from these current estimates. Significant estimates include assumptions used in performing actuarial valuations of employee future benefit liabilities.

These estimates are reviewed annually, and, as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in earnings in the year in which they become known.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended August 31, 2022

### 2. Guaranteed investment certificates:

Guaranteed investment certificates which are flexible and have a maturity date of December 9, 2022, paying interest of 0.5%. The fair value of these investments is approximately equal to cost.

### 3. Accounts receivable:

	2022	2021
Government of Canada Province of Ontario Other	\$ 240,132 371,395 143,073	\$ 188,181 77,947 99,552
	\$ 754,600	\$ 365,680

### 4. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:

	 2022	2021
Province of Ontario Trade accounts payable and accruals Payroll and benefits	\$ 603,528 160,888 334,358	\$ 441,941 181,819 236,501
	\$ 1,098,774	\$ 860,261

### 5. Deferred revenue:

	Balance at August 31, 2021	Co	ontributions received	Revenue recognized in the period	Balance at August 31, 2022
Ministry of Education: Students at risk (student success) Special education (SEPPA) Pupil accommodation Other grants for specific purposes	\$ 34,751 15,970 – 34,040	\$	196,844 561,463 43,252 338,341	\$ (224,173) (532,949) (43,252) (352,497)	\$ 7,422 44,484 – 19,884
Other	17,543		53,234	(52,912)	17,865
Total deferred revenue	\$ 102,304	\$	1,193,134	\$ (1,205,783)	\$ 89,655

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended August 31, 2022

### 6. Employee future benefits:

The Board provides defined retirement and other future benefits to specified employee groups. These benefits include pension, retirement gratuity, worker's compensated absences, worker's compensation and long-term disability benefits.

### (a) Retirement benefits:

### (i) Ontario Teacher's Pension Plan:

Teacher's Pension Plan. Employer contributions for these employees are provided directly by the Province of Ontario. The pension costs and obligations related to this plan are a direct responsibility of the Province. Accordingly, no costs or liabilities related to this plan are included in the Board's financial statements.

### (ii) Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System:

All non-teaching employees of the Board are eligible to be members of the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System (OMERS), a multi-employer pension plan. The plan provides defined pension benefits to employees based on their length of service and rates of pay. The Board contributions equal the employee contributions to the plan. During the year ended August 31, 2022, the Board contributed \$112,033 (2021 - \$96,112). As this is a multi-employer pension plan, these contributions are the Board's pension benefit expenses. No pension liability for this type of plan is included in the Board's financial statements.

### (iii) Retirement gratuities:

The Board provides retirement gratuities to certain groups of employees hired prior to specified dates. The Board provides these benefits through an unfunded defined benefit plan. The benefit costs and liabilities related to this plan are included in the Board's financial statements. The amount of gratuities payable to eligible employees at retirement was based on their salary, accumulated sick days, and years of service as of August 31, 2012.

### (b) Other Employee Future Benefits:

### (i) Workplace Safety and Insurance Board Obligations:

The Board is a Schedule 1 employer under the Workplace Safety and Insurance Act and, as such, the Board insures all claims by its injured workers under the Act. The Board's insurance premiums for the year ended August 31, 2022 were \$9,570 (2021 - \$11,032) and are included in the Board's current year benefit costs. No liabilities for claims by its injured workers under the Act are included in the Board's consolidated financial statements. Plan changes made in 2012 now requires school boards to provide salary top-up to a maximum of 4 ½ years for employees receiving payments from the Workplace Safety and Insurance Board, where previously negotiated collective agreement included such provision.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended August 31, 2022

### 6. Employee future benefits (continued):

- (b) Other Employee Future Benefits (continued):
  - (ii) Long-term disability, dental and health care benefits:

ELHTs were established for all employee groups. There are no employee groups remaining for which the Board is responsible for providing health, dental and life insurance benefits. As a result, no liability for this benefit exists as at August 31, 2022.

(iii) Short-term leave and disability:

Under the short-term leave and disability plan, 11 unused sick leave days may be carried forward into the following year only, to be used to top-up benefits received under the short-term leave and disability plan in that year. A provision has been established representing the expected usage of sick days that have been carried forward for benefit top-up in the following year.

The accrued benefit obligations for employee future benefit plans as at August 31, 2022 are based on actuarial valuations for accounting purposes as at August 31, 2022. These actuarial valuations were based on assumptions about future events. The economic assumptions used in these valuations are the Board's best estimates of expected rates of:

	2022	2021
Inflation	2.00%	1.50%
Wage and salary escalation	N/A	N/A
Discount on accrued benefit obligations	3.90%	1.80%

Information with respect to the Board's retirement and other employee future benefit obligations is as follows:

		2022		2021
Accrued benefit liability, beginning of year	\$	103,719	\$	143,333
Expenses recognized for the year:				
Current service cost		6,073		2,494
Amortized of actuarial gains and losses		1,421		2,513
Interest cost		1,839		3,726
		113,052		152,066
Benefits payments made		(49,787)		(48,347)
Accrued benefit liability, end of year	\$	63,265	\$	103,719
Accrued future benefit obligation, end of year	\$	56,482	\$	106,316
Net unamortized actuarial gain (loss)	*	6,783	·	(2,597)
Accrued benefit liability, end of year	\$	63,265	\$	103,719

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended August 31, 2022

### 7. Tangible capital assets:

		Balance at				<del></del> .		Balance at
		August 31,				Disposals		August 31,
Cost		2021		Additions		and Transfers		2022
0001				raditionio		and manufacture		
Land	\$	46,500	\$	-	\$	-	\$	46,500
School buildings	*	10,560,130		26,604	•	79,247	•	10,665,981
Other buildings		545,714		11,059		_		556,773
Leasehold improvements		431,934		-				431,934
Furniture and equipment		519,675		21,691		-		541,366
Computer hardware and software		287,053		16,741		-		303,794
Vehicles		29,893		99,886		-		129,779
Construction in progress		79,247		-		(79,247)		-
Total	\$	12,500,146	\$	175,981	\$	-	\$	12,676,127
		_						
· -		Balance at						Balance at
Accumulated		August 31,		Disposals				August 31,
Amortization		2021	а	ind Transfers		Amortization		2022
						<del>-</del>		
School buildings	\$	6,411,015	\$	-	\$	265,648	\$	6,676,663
Other buildings	•	530,530	·	_		15,461		545,991
Leasehold improvements		405,286		-		5,924		411,210
Furniture and equipment		479,367		-		10,231		489,598
Computer hardware and software		204,502		-		50,241		254,743
Vehicles		29,893		-		9,987		39,880
Total	\$	8,060,593	\$	-	\$	357,492	\$	8,418,085
	N	let book value,	-					Net book value,
		August 31,						August 31,
		2021						2022
Land	\$	46,500					\$	46,500
School buildings		4,149,115						3,989,318
Other buildings		15,184						10,782
Leasehold improvements		26,648						20,724
Furniture and equipment		40,308						51,768
Computer hardware and software		82,551						49,051
Construction in progress		79,247						-
Vehicles		-						89,899
Total	\$	4,439,553					\$	4,258,042

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended August 31, 2022

### 7. Tangible capital assets (continued):

		Balance at					Balance at
		August 31,					August 31,
Cost		2020		Additions	Disposals		2021
Land	\$	46,500	\$	-	\$ -	\$	46,500
School buildings		10,560,130		-	-		10,560,130
Other buildings		512,525		33,189	-		545,714
Leasehold improvements		431,934		-	-		431,934
Furniture and equipment		495,566		24,109	-		519,675
Computer hardware and software		227,469		59,584	-		287,053
Vehicles		29,893		-	-		29,893
Construction in progress		53,113		79,247	(53,113)		79,247
Total	\$	12,357,130	\$	196,129	\$ (53,113)	\$	12,500,146
		Balance at					Balance at
Accumulated		August 31,		Disposals			August 31,
Amortization		2020	í	and Transfers	 Amortization		2021
School buildings	\$	6,146,690	\$	_	\$ 264,325	\$	6,411,015
Other buildings		512,525		_	18,005		530,530
Leasehold improvements		399,362		2	5,924		405,286
Furniture and equipment		472,304		-	7,063		479,367
Computer hardware and software		113,871		-	90,631		204,502
Vehicles		29,893		-	-		29,893
Total	\$	7,674,645	\$	-	\$ 385,948	\$	8,060,593
	N	let book value,				- 1	Net book value,
		August 31,					August 31,
		2020					2021
							10.500
Land	\$	46,500				\$	46,500
School buildings		4,677,765					4,149,115
Other buildings		<del>-</del>					15,184
Leasehold improvements		38,496					26,648
Furniture and equipment		29,077					40,308
Computer hardware and software		100,469					82,551
Construction in progress	_	53,113					79,247
Total	\$	4,945,420				\$	4,439,553

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended August 31, 2022

### 8. Accumulated surplus:

Accumulated surplus consists of the following:

	 2022	2021
Unappropriated operating accumulated surplus	\$ 4,994,222	\$ 3,931,687
Invested in tangible capital assets	4,258,042	4,439,553
Employee future benefits	(63,265)	(103,719)
School generated funds	23,316	26,790
Total accumulated surplus	\$ 9,212,315	\$ 8,294,311

### 9. Expenses by object:

The following is a summary of expenses reported on the Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus by object:

	2022 Budget	2022 Actual	2021 Actual
Salary and wages	\$ 3,376,630	\$ 3,297,561	\$ 3,145,055
Employee benefits	937,538	994,551	908,386
Staff development	55,998	51,514	35,785
Supplies and services	1,873,564	1,054,704	995,413
Rental	230,480	172,286	177,656
Fees and contract services	74,000	1,281,619	887,509
Other	403,678	193,934	52,366
Amortization of tangible capital assets	284,980	357,492	385,948
	\$ 7,236,868	\$ 7,403,661	\$ 6,588,118

### 10. Ontario School Board Insurance Exchange (OSBIE):

The School Board is a member of the Ontario School Board Insurance Exchange (OSBIE), a reciprocal insurance company licensed under the Insurance Act.

OSBIE insures general public liability, property damage and certain other risks. Liability insurance is available to a maximum of \$27 million per occurrence.

The premiums over a five-year period are based on the reciprocals and the Board's actual claims experience. Periodically, the Board may receive a refund or be asked to pay an additional premium based on its pro rata share of claims experience. The current five-year term expires December 31, 2026.

Premiums paid to OSBIE for the policy year ending December 31, 2021 amount to \$70,749.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended August 31, 2022

### 11. Line of credit:

The School Board has available to it a \$750,000 revolving line of credit by way of business operating account overdraft with a chartered bank, payable on demand, bearing interest at the prime rate plus 1% per annum. Security is provided in the form of a borrowing resolution. The Board did not utilize this credit facility during the year.

### 12. Contractual obligations:

The Board leases premises from the Town of Moosonee under a lease agreement that had expired December 31, 2020. Effective January 1, 2021, a new lease agreement has been signed with a termination date of December 31, 2025. Rent is subject to monthly payments as scheduled in the terms of the new lease agreement. In addition, applicable taxes are to be charged to the Board. The current years rent charge is \$144,088 (2021 - \$152,484).

### 13. In-kind transfers from the Ministry of Government and Consumer Services:

The Board has recorded entries, both revenues and expenses, associated with centrally procured in-kind transfers of personal protective equipment (PPE) and critical supplies and equipment (CSE) received from the Ministry of Government and Consumer Services (MGCS). The amounts recorded were calculated based on the weighted average cost of the supplies as determined by MGCS and quantity information based on the board's records. The in-kind revenue recorded for these transfers is \$53,234 with expenses based on use of \$53,234 with the remaining balance of \$5,915 in prepaid expenses and \$5,915 in deferred revenue.

### 14. Comparative information:

Certain 2021 comparative information has been reclassified, where applicable to conform to the presentation used in the current year. The changes do not affect the prior year accumulated surplus.